

Keeping the World Flowing for Future Generations



Compact Pneumatic Actuator Single Spring and Double-Acting





Installation, Commissioning and Maintenance Manual

Contents

Sec	tion	Page	Section	Page
1.	Introduction	3	11. Removal from Valve	11
2.	Standards and Regulations	3	12. Operation	12
3.	General Information	4	12.1 Description	12
4.	Health and Safety	4	12.2 Angular Stroke Regulation	14
	4.1 Residual Risks	4	12.3 Upper Stop Bolt Setting	15
	4.2 Thermal Risks	4	12.4 Lower Stop Bolt Setting	16
	4.3 Noise	4	12.5 Limit Switch Setting	16
	4.4 Health Risks	4	12.6 Pneumatic Supply	17
	4.5 Mechanical Risks	4	12.7 Pneumatic Connections	17
	4.6 Vibration Risks	5	12.8 Electrical Connections	19
	4.7 Electrostatic Risks	5	12.9 Start Up	19
5.	Labels and Nameplates	5	13. Dismantling and Disposal	20
6.	Operating Limits	6	14. Rotork Sales and Service	20
	6.1 Allowed Fluid Types	6	15. Troubleshooting	21
	6.2 Expected Lifetime	6	16. Periodic Maintenance	22
7.	Handling and Lifting	7	17. Part List	31
	7.1 Lifting Recommendations	7	18. Grease Specification	33
	7.2 Lifting Instructions	7	18.1 Grease	33
8.	Storage	9		
9.	Long Term Storage	9		
10.	Installation on Valve	10		
	10.1 Preliminary Actions	10		
	10.2 Instructions	10		

This manual contains important safety information. Please ensure it is throughly read and understood before installing, operating or maintaining the equipment.

Rotork reserves the right to modify, amend and improve this manual without notice.

Rotork is not responsible for damage or injury caused by the failure to observe the instructions contained herein.

1. Introduction

This manual covers maintenance aspects and instructions specific to the CQP range of actuators.

CQP actuators are available in two different configurations:

- Type A CQP actuator
- Type B CQP actuator

Type A is supplied with external tie rods.

Type B is supplied with threaded mounting flanges.

Type A and Type B have the same operating characteristics and can be considered identical for the purposes of this manual. Any differences between Type A and Type B are clearly shown where applicable.

In this manual, warning indications are represented by icons, according to ISO 7010 Safety Signs:



Generic danger



Hand crush/pinch point



Electrocution



Explosive material

Customer Service

For technical assistance, please contact Rotork Customer Service:

E-mail: rfs.internationalservice@rotork.com Rotork, Via Padre Jacques Hamel, 138B, Porcari, Lucca, 55016, IT. Tel: +39 0583-222-1

Rotork plc, Brassmill Lane, Bath, UK. Tel +44 (0)1225 733200

2. Standards and Regulations

Actuators destined for European member states have been designed, built and tested according to the Quality Control System, in compliance with the EN ISO 9001:2015 standard and with the following regulations/directive.

- 2006/42/EC: Machinery Directive
- 2014/68/EU: Pressure Equipment Directive (PED)
- 2014/34/EU: Directive for safety equipment and systems to be used in potentially explosive atmospheres (ATEX)
- 2014/30/EU: Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive
- EN ISO 12100: Machinery Safety Directive
- EN 60079-14: Explosive atmospheres Part 14: Electrical installations design, selection and erection
- ISO 80079-36: Non-electrical equipment for explosive atmospheres - Basic method and requirements
- EN 1127–1: Explosive atmospheres Explosion prevention and protection
- ISO 80079-37: Non-electrical equipment for explosive atmospheres - Non-electrical type of protection construction safety "c", control of ignition sources "b", liquid immersion "k"
- UNI EN ISO 7010: Safety Signals
- EN13445: Unfired Pressure Vessels

3. General Information

This manual is produced to enable a competent user to install, operate and maintain the Rotork Pneumatic Compact Actuator (COP).

The installation should be carried out as outlined in this manual and also in accordance with any relevant national standard codes of practice.

Maintenance and operation should be carried out in accordance with the National Legislation and Statutory Provisions relating to the safe use of this equipment, applicable to the site of installation.

Any inspection or repair in a Hazardous Area should not be undertaken unless it conforms to National Legislation and Statutory Provisions relating to the specific Hazardous Area.

Only Rotork approved replacement parts should be used. Under no circumstances should any modification or alteration be carried out on the equipment, as this could invalidate the conditions under which its certification was granted.

Only trained and experienced operators should be allowed to install, maintain and repair Rotork Actuators. Work undertaken must be carried out in accordance with instructions in this manual. The user and those persons working on this equipment should be familiar with their responsibilities under any statutory provisions relating to the Health and Safety of their workplace.

Operators should always wear appropriate Personal Protection Devices (PPDs) in line with the existing plant regulations.

Appropriate Usage

Rotork Pneumatic Compact Actuator is a new concept device which transforms the linear input into a rotatory movement to operate various valve types of various dimensions.

Improper use can damage the equipment or cause dangerous situations for health and safety. Rotork declines any responsibility for damage to people and/ or objects resulting from the use of the equipment for applications different from those described in the present manual.

4. Health and Safety

Before installing the equipment, verify it is suitable for the intended application. If unsure consult Rotork.

4.1 Residual Risks

Residual risks resulting from equipment risk evaluation performed by Rotork.

4.2 Thermal Risks

Risk Hot/Cold surface during normal

operation (RES_01).

Preventive measures Operators should wear protective gloves.

Risk In the presence of dust, equipment

surface temperature must not exceed 2/3 of the ignition temperature of the dust. Dust ignition temperature is reduced by 75 °C if a 5 mm thick

coating builds up.

Preventive measures Keep equipment surfaces clean by

planning regular cleaning maintenance using a suitable wet anti-static cloth.

4.3 Noise

Risk Noise >85 dB during operation (RES_05).

Preventive measures Operators should wear ear protections.

Operators should not stand near the equipment during operation.

4.4 Health Risks

Risk Pressurised fluid ejection during

normal operation (RES_02).

Preventive measures All fittings must be properly sealed.

All fixing clamps must be correctly

tightened and sealed.

Risk Risk of intoxication (according to the

type of medium utilised) (RES_06).

Preventive measures Operators must use P.P.Ds and any

other equipment (breathing apparatus) based on the type of supply medium.

4.5 Mechanical Risks

Risk Uncontrolled movement (remote

operation) (RES_03).

Preventive measures Assure that the actuator can not be

operated remotely. Prior to starting, remove pneumatic supply, vent all pressure vessels, and remove

electrical power.

Risk Presence of moving parts (centre body,

valve adapter) (RES_04).

Preventive measures Do not perform start-up or test the

actuator if the cylinder tube is removed.

4. Health and Safety

Risk Loss of stability with possible parts

projection (RES_08).

Preventive measures Do not disassemble the actuator

in case of malfunctioning. Follow instructions in the present manual and

contact Rotork.

Risk Presence of potential energy (RES_10)

during dismantling.

Preventive measures Do not disassemble the actuator

during dismantling. Follow instructions in the present manual and contact

Rotork.

4.6 Vibration Risks

Risk Vibration risk (RES_11).

Preventive measures Foresee periodic maintenance

procedure to verify tightening.

4.7 Electrostatic Risks

Risk Non-conductive parts of the

equipment can build an electrostatic

charge which is dangerous in

hazardous areas.

Preventive measures Do not polish/rub surfaces with a dry

cloth. Only clean equipment surfaces with a suitable wet anti-static cloth. Operators must wear suitable anti-static clothing and use tools that will not generate a static charge. The user must ensure the operating environment and any materials surrounding the actuator cannot lead to a reduction in the safe use of, or the protection afforded by, the actuator.

5. Labels and Nameplates

The following label is applied externally to the actuator:

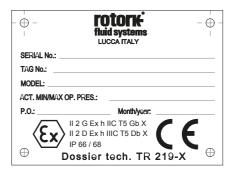


Fig 5.1 ATEX Type of Protection: constructional safety "c"

T5 temperature class is provided even if actuator has no internal heat source. Maximum actuator temperature is near the environmental or exercise fluid temperature, whichever is the greater. Normal operating temperature is -30 to +100 °C (-22 to +212 °F). Temperature range is specified within the project specific technical documentation. Special applications out of previous range are available upon request.

ATEX plate does not indicate the maximum environmental and/or exercise fluid temperature; this information is reported within the project specific technical documentation.

IP grade protection: IPX8M is related to submersion of 1 meter for 72 hours.

For CE (PED) marked actuator the following label is also used:

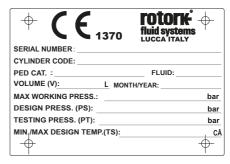


Fig 5.2 Actuator PED label

Label removal is not allowed.

6. Operating Limits

Temperature: -30 to +100 °C for standard applications

-20 to +100 °C for PED applications

Design pressure: 12 barg

⚠ Do not use the equipment outside its operating limits.

6.1 Allowed Fluid Types

The pneumatic actuator is designed to be operated with dry air or dry, sweet natural gas with particles filtering $\leq 40~\mu m$ (Class 7 according ISO 8573-1, table 1), pressure dew point \leq -20°C (Class 3 according ISO 8573-1, table 2), total concentration of oil $\leq 5~mg/m^3$ (Class 4, according ISO 8573-1, table 3); if not differently specified in specific project documentation.

6.2 Expected Lifetime

Expected Lifetime greater than 25 years, in normal service conditions and with planned maintenance.

6.3 Tightening Torque Chart

RECOMMENDED TIGHTENING TORQUE (Class 8.8 bolts)				
Bolt Size	Nm	Ft. Lbs		
M6	8.5	6		
M8	20	15		
M10	40	30		
M12	55	40		
M14	110	81		
M16	220	162		
M20	430	317		
M22	425	313		
M24	585	431		
M27	785	579		
M30	1250	921		
M33	1400	1030		
M36	1750	1290		

7. Handling and Lifting

Only trained and experienced personnel should handle/lift the actuator.

The actuator is supplied packed on pallets suitable for normal handling.

A Handle the actuator with care. Never stack pallets.

7.1 Lifting Recommendations

- The lifting device and the sling must be suitably rated for the actuator weight and dimensions
- Do not use damaged sling(s)
- The sling must not be shortened with knots or bolts or any other makeshift device
- Do not use pneumatic piping or electric cabling for lifting purposes
- Do not drill holes, weld eye bolts or add any other type of lifting device on the actuator external surface
- Do not lift the actuator and valve combination with the actuator lifting lugs. Only lift the actuator/valve assembly using the valve lifting lugs
- Every assembly must be estimated separately for a safe and correct lifting
- Avoid pulls or abrupt movements during lifting. Avoid pushing the load
- During lifting operations, do not handle the slings and/or the actuator

📤 Do not step underneath suspended load.

7.2 Lifting Instructions

Note: Indication of weight, centre of gravity, lifting points are reported within specific project documentation.

Consult the project specific documentation before lifting.

- Prior to lifting the actuator, remove electrical power and vent all pressure vessels (if present)
- Hook a double chain sling on the lifting lugs as shown in Fig 7.1.

The actuator must remain vertical; balance the load.

• Angle β must always be between 0° and 45° as shown below.

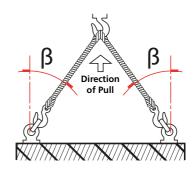




Fig 7.1 Vertical lifting

7. Handling and Lifting

Actuator can be lifted and installed also in horizontal position, according to the valve and pipeline installation.

To lift the actuator in horizontal mode:

 Remove the two plugs on threaded holes, that will be used for lifting, on bottom and end flange

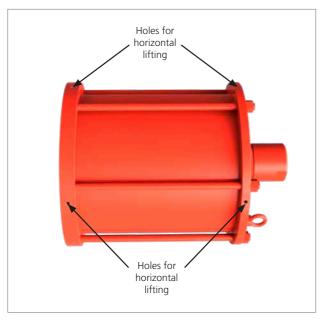


Fig 7.2 Holes for horizontal lifting

- Install two lifting lugs of proper dimensions on apposite threaded holes on bottom and end flange (lifting lugs are not provided with the actuator)
- Hook a double chain sling on the lifting lugs as shown in Fig 7.3

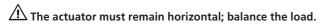




Fig 7.3 Horizontal lifting

8. Storage

Rotork actuators have been fully tested before leaving the factory.

In order to keep the actuator in good condition until installation, at least the following measures are recommended:

- Check presence and assembling of dust plugs
- Keep the actuator on shipping pallet until installation

Never put the actuator directly on the ground.

- Protect the valve coupling area (adapter flange) with rust preventive oil e.g. Mobilarma LT or equivalent
- Protect against weather action, covering the actuators with appropriate polyethylene sheets
- Check the actuator condition every 6 months and verify the above protection measures remain in place

A Remove package only at the installation time.

Actuator vent ports must be protected with polyethylene sheet to prevent water ingress during storage.

9. Long Term Storage

If long term storage is necessary, further operations must be carried out to maintain the actuator in a good working condition:

- Replace the plastic plugs with metal plugs
- Stroke the actuator every 12-months:
 - Cycle the actuator (using filtered, dehydrated air) to the working pressure indicated on the name plate
 - Cycle the actuator with all the existing controls (i.e. two complete strokes - one open, one closed) at least five times
- Disconnect the pneumatic and electric (if present) supply from the actuator, and carefully close all the threaded connections of the actuator
- Remove electrical components covers (if present) to ensure control terminals are clean and free from oxidation and humidity. Reassemble the covers
- In case of storage for over 12 months prior to installation, it is recommended to operate the actuator to verify correct operation

Before proceeding, read and understand the Health and Safety information.

Note: The pipeline valve must be properly secured prior to performing the following operations according to instructions provided by the Valve's Manufacturer.

Prior to performing any operations check the operating drawings and TAG numbers.

Consult Rotork for any additional information.

10.1 Preliminary Actions

Verify the ATEX classification of the actuator is compatible with the plant zoning. Refer to actuator nameplate.

- The centreline of the cylinder is usually aligned to the centreline of the associated pipe work
- Ensure all fasteners are adequately tightened, to avoid loosening during operation, taking into account the vibrations induced by the dynamics of the pipeline
- Piping used to provide pneumatic supply to the actuator must be free from contaminants and debris. Ensure tubing runs are adequately fastened and supported to minimise repetitive stress induced by the dynamics of the pipeline.
- Ensure there are no leaks from any pneumatic connections. Tighten as required.

10.2 Instructions

The assembling can be performed by direct mounting using the actuator housing flange with threaded holes and valve adapter.

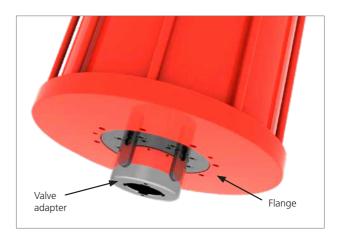


Fig 10.1 Valve adapter-particular (Type A actuator)

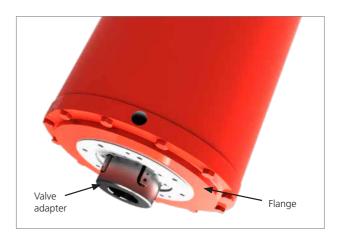


Fig 10.2 Valve adapter-particular (Type B actuator)

The assembly position of the actuator must be in accordance with the actuator design, plant requirements and the valve model

In order to assemble the actuator onto the valve, proceed as follows:

- Verify the coupling dimensions of the valve flange and stem; they must meet the actuator coupling dimensions
- Set the valve in the closed position. The actuator is supplied in the closed position. Check the position of the actuator by means of the position indicator on the limit switch (if present)
- Clean the coupling flange of the valve and remove anything that might prevent adherence to the actuator flange. Grease shall be completely removed
- Lubricate the valve stem with oil or grease, to facilitate assembling

10. Installation on Valve

- Lift the actuator according to Handling and Lifting instructions (section 7)
- If possible, place the valve stem in a vertical position to facilitate assembling - in this case the actuator must be lifted while the coupling flange is kept in the horizontal position
- Align the actuator adapter flange grooves according to valve coupling stem
- Do not exert any force while lowering the actuator onto the valve

Installation must be performed by qualified personnel.

A Hands must be kept away from the coupling area.

- Fix the actuator to the valve by means of threaded connections (bolts, stud bolts and nuts)
- Tighten the bolts or the nuts of the connecting stud bolts to the correct torque, in accordance with the size and material characteristics of the bolts installed by the customer

Support the actuator until fully installed and fixing bolts are correctly tightened.

 Check for possible damage to the paint-work and repair if necessary, according to painting specification

Actuator vent ports must be installed facing downwards to prevent water ingress during service.



Fig 10.3 Actuator installation on valve

11. Removal from Valve

The End user is in charge of removing the actuator from the valve.

Removal shall be performed only by qualified staff, wearing/using appropriate personal protection devices.

Do not remove the actuator if the valve is blocked in the intermediate position. Contact Rotork Customer Service.

To disassemble the actuator from the valve, proceed as follows:

- Cut off electrical power supply
- Cut off pneumatic supply
- · Remove the supply pipes from the actuator
- Release any pressure from the control group
- Remove control and signal lines from electric components (if any)
- Sling the actuator in line with Handling and Lifting instructions (section 7)
- Unscrew the bolts or the nuts from the stud bolts fixing the actuator to the valve
- Lift and remove the actuator from the valve

The following instructions must be followed and integrated into End User safety program when installing and using Rotork products. Read and save all instructions prior to installing, operating and servicing this product.

Follow all warnings, cautions and instructions marked on and supplied with the product.

Install equipment as specified in Rotork installation instructions and as per applicable local and national codes of practice. Connect all products to the proper pneumatic sources.

When replacement parts are required, ensure that the qualified service technician uses only replacement parts specified by Rotork.

Substitutions will invalidate any hazardous area certification and may result in fire, electrical shock, other hazards or improper operation.

12.1 Description

The actuator consists of a cylindrical body containing a guide tube with vertical grooves connected to the bottom flange and a tube with helical grooves connected to the pneumatic piston. The transformation of linear movement into a rotary quarter turn motion is performed by combining one set of pin and one set of key movements. The pins are positioned within the helical slots of the tube with helical grooves and fixed on upper part of the drive shaft. The pins transmit a rotary movement to the drive shaft by moving along the helical slots of tube that is moving vertically due to pneumatic piston thrust. A set of keys, fixed on lower part of tube with helical grooves, move along linear slots on the tube with vertical grooves allowing the drive shaft to transmit the rotary movement to the valve whilst preventing any rotation by the actuator piston.

The main components of the Compact Spring Return Actuator are shown in Fig 12.1, Fig 12.2 for type A actuators Fig 12.3 and Fig 12.4, for type B actuators.

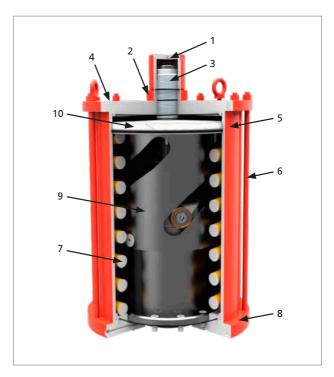


Fig 12.1 Pneumatic compact spring return actuator – Type A: external tie rods parts description

1	End Cap
2	Stop nut
3	Upper stop bolt
4	End Flange
5	Cylinder tube
6	Tie rod
7	Spring
8	Head flange
9	Mechanism
10	Piston

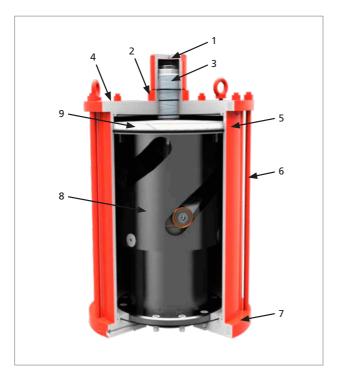
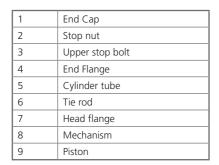


Fig 12.2 Pneumatic compact double effect actuator – Type A: external tie rods part description



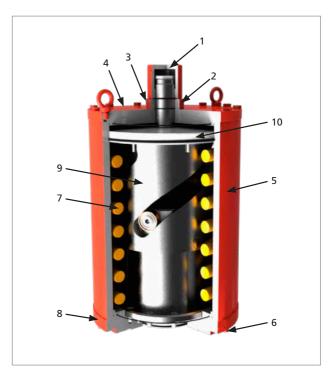


Fig 12.3 Pneumatic compact spring return actuator – Type B: threaded flanges parts description

1	End Cap
2	Stop nut
3	Upper stop bolt
4	End Flange
5	Cylinder tube
6	Screws
7	Spring
8	Head flange
9	Mechanism
10	Piston



Fig 12.4 Pneumatic compact double effect actuator – Type B: threaded flanges parts description

1	End Cap
2	Stop nut
3	Upper stop bolt
4	End Flange
5	Cylinder tube
6	Screws
7	Head flange
8	Mechanism
9	Piston
10	Piston

12.2 Angular Stroke Regulation

Certain valves incorporate their own stops. For such valves, it is recommended that the actuator stop bolt positions coincide with the valve stop position.

⚠ Do not use the actuator outside 90° ±5° operating range.

Compact actuator is fitted with two stop bolts for the stroke regulation in both directions. Stop bolts are both located in the end flange (3).

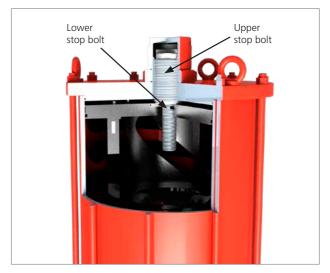


Fig 12.5 Stop bolt particular

12.3 Upper Stop Bolt Setting

To regulate the upper stop bolt:

 Unscrew and remove end cap (1). Use a proper toll to perform the operation. End cap is provided with a key grip to facilitate screwing/unscrewing



- Loosen stop nut (2)
- Slowly pressurize the cylinder to detach the stop bolt from the piston
- To reduce the actuator stroke, screw stop bolt (3)



• To increase the actuator stroke, unscrew stop bolt (3)



• Perform an actuator stroke to verify end position. Adjust upper stop bolt again, if necessary

During the upper stop bolt regulation, pay attention not to completely screw the stop bolt. Ensure that a minimum number of threads (L) remains screwed.

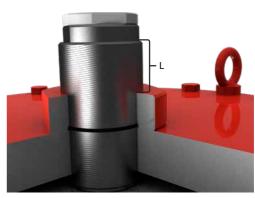


Fig 12.6 Upper stop bolt regulation: minimum number of threads

The minimum number of threads is specific for each actuator size. Refer to job documentation for detailed indication.

12.4 Lower Stop Bolt Setting

To regulate the lower stop bolt:

 Unscrew and remove end cap (1). Use a proper tool to perform the operation. End cap is provided with a key grip to facilitate screwing/unscrewing



- Verify Stop nut (2) is correctly tightened
- Remove the closure cap (if present)
- Use an Allen key of proper dimension to regulate the lower stop bolt
- Screw the lower stop bolt to reduce stroke



Unscrew the lower stop bolt to increase the stroke



Perform an actuator stroke to verify end position.
 Adjust lower stop bolt again, if necessary

12.5 Limit Switch Setting

In case the actuator is provided with limit switches, their setting should be done by the user during the actuator testing operations on the valve.

The limit switches must be set so that they are actuated slightly earlier than the actuator angular stroke is stopped by the mechanical stops.

Before performing any operation on electric components, read and follow the safety precautions reported in the Manufacturer's Maintenance Manual. Risk of temporary modification of the component protection.

Switch off the power supply prior to removing cover from the limit switch box.

Remove the box cover

Closing limit switch

Instruction	Mechanically operated limit switches	Proximity limit switches	
Place the actuator	valve in the fully closed pos	ition	
Disengage the close limit cam			
Rotate the close limit cam until the closing switch is active			
Engage the cam into the splined retainer			

Opening limit switch

Instruction	Mechanically operated limit switches	Proximity limit switches
Place the actuator	/valve in the fully open posit	ion
Disengage the open limit cam		
Rotate the open limit cam until the opening switch is active		

Note: Where 3 or more limit switches are fitted, move the actuator to the extra signaling position(s) and set the cams for each location.

- Cycle the valve CLOSED and OPEN several times to ensure proper calibration
- Reassemble the box cover, verifying the cover seal is correctly positioned
- Turn the cover shaft manually, aligning it to the switch box shaft, and engage it
- Verify if the position indicator correctly indicates the valve position
- Reconnect power supplies

For more information refer to the limit switch manufacturer's literature.



Fig 12.7 Typical limit switch box

Limit switch box could be different according to project specific requirements. Refer to project specific documentation for further details.

Limit switch box could require support structure to be connected to the actuator; this can be different according to project specific requirements. Refer to project specific documentation for further details.

12.6 Pneumatic Supply

Verify allowed supply pressure range on actuator label.

Verify medium composition. Contact Rotork to check the compatibility with the supply medium.

12.7 Pneumatic Connections

Preliminary Operations

- A. Verify sizes of pipes and fittings per applicable plant specifications
- B. Clean the inside of the connection pipes by washing them with a suitable detergent and by blowing air into them
- C. The connecting pipes must be properly shaped and fixed to prevent stress or loosening of threaded connections

Note: For tapered-thread fluid connections, apply a thin layer of thread sealing product (Loctite 577 or equivalent) to ensure a good seal.

Connect the pneumatic power source in accordance to the applicable operating diagram, please refer to specific job for details.



Fig 12.8 Inlet/exhaust port (Type A)



Fig 12.9 Breathing port (Type A)



Fig 12.10 Inlet/exhaust port and breathing port (Type B)

Refer to specific operating diagram for specific application configuration.

12.8 Electrical Connections

Check electrical components supply voltage, before start-up.

Electrical connection can be performed as follows:

- Remove power supply
- Remove the covers of the electric components
- Remove the plastic protection plugs from the cable entries
- Use only appropriately certified reduction fittings, cable glands, fittings and explosion-proof cables
- The cable glands must be tightened in the threaded inlets, to guarantee the waterproof and explosion proof protection
- Pay attention to the correct installation of the O-rings of the cable glands to prevent water and debris infiltration inside electric components
- The size of the electric supply cable must suit the electric power deman
- Insert the connection cables through cable glands and perform assembly according to the cable gland manufacturer's instructions
- Connect the cable wires to the terminal blocks in accordance with the applicable wiring diagram
- Electric connections must be made by using rigid conduits and trailing cables to prevent mechanical stresses in the cable entries
- On the unused entries of the junction box, replace the plastic plugs with approved metal plugs, in order to guarantee sealing and to comply with explosion safety protection codes
- Assemble the covers of the electric components, paying attention to seals
- Once connections have been completed, check electrical components functionality

12.9 Start Up

During the start-up of the actuator, it is necessary to check if:

- Supply pressure is as prescribed
- The feed voltage values of electrical components (solenoid valves coils, limit switches, pressure switches etc., if applicable) are as prescribed
- Actuator controls such as remote control, local control, emergency control etc. (if applicable) work properly
- Input remote signals are correct
- The setting of control unit components is according to the plant requirements
- Pneumatic connections show no leakage. If necessary, tighten fittings
- The painted parts have not been damaged during transport, assembling or storage operations. On the contrary, after having removed rust, repair the damaged parts following the applicable painting specifications
- Actuator and all of its parties work as expected. Perform, at least, one functional complete stroke (open/close)
- Operating time is in accordance with requirements

The End user must guarantee equal voltage potential between the valve and the actuator and provide appropriate grounding. End user shall indicate and maintain the grounding connections on the actuator.

13. Dismantling and Disposal

Remove power supply pressure before removing and disassembling the equipment.

Disassemble only control panel equipment (if present) and dismantle according to the following:

- Dispose of the pieces of steel, cast iron and aluminum alloys as metal scraps
- Dispose of the rubber, PVC, resins etc. separately, in accordance with the existing national and regional regulations
- Electric components are to be separately disposed of on specialised disposal sites

Single acting actuator contain spring potential energy.

Actuator cannot be disassembled by the End user.
Actuator has to be returned to the manufacturer's plant, upon agreement with Rotork.

Actuators manufactured after 1993 year do not contain asbestos or its by-products.

14. Rotork Sales and Service

If your Rotork actuator has been correctly installed and sealed, it will give years of trouble-free service. Should you require technical assistance or spares, Rotork guarantees the best service in the world. Contact your local Rotork representative or the factory direct at the address on the nameplate, quoting the actuator type and serial number.

Some actuators have a special spare parts list. Refer to the project specific documentation for further details.

15. Troubleshooting

ID	FAILURE	POSSIBLE CAUSES	CORRECTIVE MEASURES
1	Incorrect valve position	Fault of pipeline valve	Consult the valve manufacture's documentation
2	Incorrect indication of valve position	Incorrect signal from limit switches	Check limit switches (section 12.5)
		Irregular supply of operating medium	Verify the supply pressure and adjust as necessary
,	la sa usa at as a company	Worn parts	Contact Rotork
3	Incorrect movement	Fault in control panel equipment (if present)	Contact Rotork Customer Service
		Fault of pipeline valve	Consult the valve manufacture's documentation
		Insufficient gas flow	Increase gas supply flow
	Value studies wat fully appearant	Incorrect assembly between actuator and valve	Perform assembling according to INSTALLATION ON VALVE (section 10)
4	Valve stroke not fully completed	Valve blocked	Consult the valve manufacture's documentation
		Stop bolts wrong setting	Adjust stop bolt setting following instructions in ANGULAR STROKE REGULATION (section 12.2)
		Stop bolts wrong setting	Adjust stop bolt setting following instructions in ANGULAR STROKE REGULATION (section 12.2)
	Leakages		Type A actuator: Perform actions in the following order.
5		Worn seals	Replace turning flange seal (PM-CQP-003) Replace piston seals (PM-CQP-004)
		Wolli Seals	Type B actuator: Perform actions in the following order.
			1) Replace turning flange seal (PM-CQP-005) 2) Replace piston seals (PM-CQP-006)
		No pressure on pipeline	Restore pipeline pressure
6	Actuator moves too fast	Supply pressure greater than allowed range values	Verify the supply pressure and adjust as necessary
	Actuator moves too slow	Fault on pipeline valve (valve hardened)	Consult the valve manufacture's documentation
7		Supply pressure lower than allowed range values	Verify the supply pressure and adjust as necessary
		Possible internal undue friction	Contact Rotork Customer Service
	Loss of power	Inadequate supply pressure	Ensure that the supply pressure is above the minimum operating pressure of the actuator and that the output torque produced at supply pressure exceeds the required valve torque.
			Type A actuator: Perform actions in the following order.
8		Leakage from cylinder	Replace turning flange seal (PM-CQP-003) Replace piston seals (PM-CQP-004)
		- Leakage Horri Cyriffuer	Type B actuator: Perform actions in the following order.
			1) Replace turning flange seal (PM-CQP-005) 2) Replace piston seals (PM-CQP-006)

For other problems, please contact Rotork Customer Service.

16. Periodic Maintenance

Rotork recommends performing the following checks to help comply with the rules and regulations of the country of final installation:

Remove pressure before proceeding with maintenance operations, discharge any accumulators or tanks (if present), except where otherwise indicated.

Periodic Maintenance Schedule

MAINTENANCE ACTIVITY P		DICITY	REFERENCE
	Months	Years	
Visual check of external components and control groups	6*	*	
Check pneumatic connections for leaks. Tighten pipe fittings as required	-	1*	
Cleaning	-	1*	PM-CQP-001
Visual check of painting. Verify absence of damages. Repair if necessary according to painting specification	-	1*	
Functional test	-	1*	PM-CQP-002
Check electrical components and grounding connections	-	1*	
Turning flange seals replacement (Type A actuator)	-	4*	PM-CQP-003
Cylinder seals replacement (Type A actuator)	-	4*	PM-CQP-004
Turning flange seals replacement (Type B actuator)	-	4*	PM-CQP-005
Cylinder seals replacement (Type B actuator)	-	4*	PM-CQP-006

^(*) The time between maintenance tasks will vary depending on the medium and service conditions. Refer to End User Plant Preventive Maintenance Program for specific task periodicity.

For Functional Safety applications refer to Safety Manual.

Specific maintenance could be necessary for specific application. Refer to job documentation for eventual additional maintenance tasks.

Periodic Maintenance 16.

	PM-CQP-001	Page: 1/1
Component: Actuator	Task: Cleaning	
Equipment, Tools, Materials: Air compressor Project documentation (Design and Operating pressure values)	Warnings:	

Preliminary Operations:

Description:



 \triangle Remove pneumatic supply before proceeding.

1. Remove dust from external surfaces by blowing air

Do not polish/rub non-metal surfaces with a dry cloth. The tools and cleaning procedures must not produce sparks or create adverse conditions in the environment during maintenance operations, to prevent potential explosion hazards. Prevent electrostatic charges in potentially explosive areas.

16. Periodic Maintenance

	PM-CQP-002	Page: 1/1
Component: Actuator	Task: Functional test	
Equipment, Tools, Materials: Chronometer Project documentation (required stroke times)	Warnings:	3

Preliminary Operations:

Description:

NOTE: Actuator must be connected to the pneumatic supply to perform the following test.

- 1. Operate the actuator
- 2. Perform one closing stroke and one opening stroke
- 3. Verify actuator's movement is smooth and linear
- 4. Verify stroke time(s) are as required

Actuator discharges medium gas during normal operation. Pay attention during test. Do not stand near exhaust port.

In case of stroke times out of required range refer to Troubleshooting ID 3 (section 15) to restore.

16. **Periodic Maintenance**

	PM-CQP-003	Page: 1/1
Component: Actuator (Type A)	Task: Cylinder seals replacement - turning flange	
Equipment, Tools, Materials: Lifting equipment Spare parts	Warnings:	

Preliminary Operations: Removal from Valve (section 11)

Description:



riangle Cut-off power supply and electric power supply (if present) before performing any operation.

- Remove actuator from valve (section 11)
- This maintenance task must be performed in a clean workshop, free from dust
- Position the actuator on a workbench

Actuator must be in its safety position, spring relaxed (in case of single effect).

Disassembly of turning flange

Before proceeding with the following operation ensure that the cylinder group is completely assembled.

Don't execute the following operation if tie rods or any other part of the cylinder group are disassembled or unscrewed.

• Place the actuator on a proper bench in horizontal position

Seals substitution

- Unscrew hex socket bolt (14)
- Remove turning flange (15)
- Remove O-ring (16)
- Carefully clean the seals groove
- All the removed parts should be thoroughly cleaned, inspected and de-burred as necessary
- Replace all the mentioned seals and lubricate them with a grease film

Reassembly

- With the actuator in horizontal position, reinstall turning flange (15) with O-ring (16)
- Reinstall and tighten hex socket bolt (14) according to the recommended torque and following a "cross bolt torque tightening" sequence

Final testing

The actuator must be tested.

- Place the actuator in a stable position, e.g. on a workbench
- Connect the pneumatic supply to the actuator and cycle the actuator several times, in order to check if it works smoothly and if there are any leakages through the seals
- Check if the painted parts have been damaged during disassembly and/or reassembly. If necessary, repaint them in accordance with the applicable painting specifications



16. **Periodic Maintenance**

	PM-CQP-004	Page: 1/2
Component: Actuator (Type A)	Task: Cylinder seals replacement - piston seals	
Equipment, Tools, Materials: Lifting equipment Spare parts	Warnings:	

Preliminary Operations: Removal from Valve (section 11), PM-CQP-003

Description:



Cut-off power supply and electric power supply (if present) before performing any operation.

- Remove actuator from valve (section 11)
- This maintenance task must be performed in a clean workshop, free from dust
- Position the actuator on a workbench

Actuator must be in its safety position, spring relaxed (in case of single effect). Before executing this procedure verify connecting screws (14) are correctly assembled and tightened on enclosure flange.

Disassembly of the stop bolt

Ensure that the turning flange is correctly assembled and tightened before proceeding

The actuator must be in vertical position.

- Hold the stop nut with a wrench, then unscrew and remove cap nut (1)
- Remove O-ring (2)
- Measure the distance between the upper stop bolt and the end flange (2) surface. This measure will be useful during re-installation
- Hold upper stop bolt (4) with a wrench and unscrew locking nut (5)
- Remove O-ring (6)
- Unscrew and remove stopper plug (3)
- Remove O-ring (17)
- Remove upper stop bolt (4)

Disassembly of cylinder

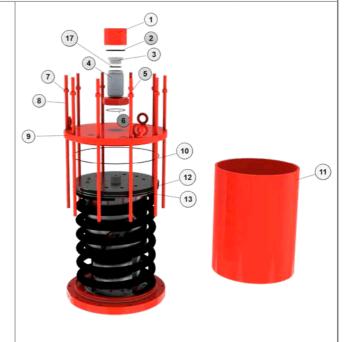
Ensure that the turning flange is correctly assembled and tightened before proceeding.

The actuator must be in vertical position.

- Unscrew hex socket bolt (7)
- Unscrew tie rods (8)
- Lift the end flange (9) and cylinder tube (11) by means of the lifting lugs
- Remove piston sliding ring (12) and O-ring (13)
- If O-ring (10) is damaged, replace it

Seals substitution

- Carefully clean the seals groove
- All the removed parts should be thoroughly cleaned, inspected and de-burred as necessary
- Replace all the mentioned seals and lubricate them with a grease film
- Lubricate all sliding parts with a recommended grease film



16. Periodic Maintenance

	PM-CQP-004 Page: 2/2
Component: Actuator (Type A)	Task: Cylinder seals replacement - piston seals
Equipment, Tools, Materials: Lifting equipment Spare parts	Warnings:
Preliminary Operations: Removal from Valve (section 11), PM-CQP-003	
Reassembly Reinstall cylinder tube (11) Position end flange (9) with O-ring (10) Reinstall tie rods (8) and tighten according to the recommended torque, following a "cross bolt torque tightening" sequence Install upper stop bolt (4) according to the distance measured before Replace O-ring (17) and install stopper plug (3) Install lock nut (5) with O-ring (6) Screw end cap (1) with O-ring (2) Final testing The actuator must be tested before it is assembled on the valve. Place the actuator in a stable position, e.g. on a workbench	17 2 3 3 5 8 9 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11
Connect the pneumatic supply to the actuator and cycle the actuator several times, in order to check if it works smoothly and if there are any leakages through the seals Check if the painted parts have been damaged during disassembly and/or reassembly. If necessary, repaint them in accordance with the applicable painting specifications The actuator is now ready to be assembled on the valve	

16. **Periodic Maintenance**

	PM-CQP-005	Page: 1/1
Component: Actuator (Type B)	Task: Cylinder seals replacement - turning flange	
Equipment, Tools, Materials: Lifting equipment Spare parts	Warnings:	

Preliminary Operations: Removal from Valve (section 11)

Description:



riangle Cut-off power supply and electric power supply (if present) before performing any operation.

- Remove actuator from valve (section 11)
- This maintenance task must be performed in a clean workshop, free from dust
- Position the actuator on a workbench

Actuator must be in its safety position, spring relaxed (in case of single effect).

Disassembly of turning flange

Before proceeding with the following operation ensure that the cylinder group is completely assembled.

Don't execute the following operation if head flange's screws, end flanges screws or any other part of the cylinder group are disassembled or unscrewed.

• Place the actuator on a proper bench in horizontal position

Seals substitution

- Unscrew hex socket bolt (14)
- Remove turning flange (15) using suitable lifting devices
- Remove O-ring (16)
- Carefully clean the seals groove
- All the removed parts should be thoroughly cleaned, inspected and de-burred as necessary
- Replace all the mentioned seals and lubricate them with a

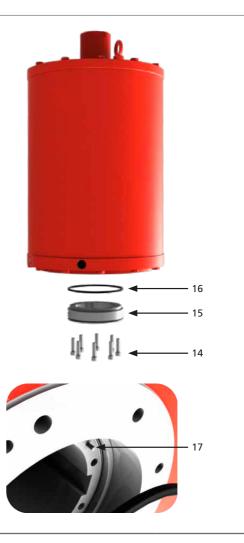
Reassembly

- With the actuator in horizontal position, reinstall turning flange (15) with O-ring (16) using pin (17) as reference point for flange centering
- Reinstall and tighten hex socket bolt (14) according to the recommended torque and following a "cross bolt torque tightening" sequence

Final testing

The actuator must be tested.

- Place the actuator in a stable position, e.g. on a workbench
- Connect the pneumatic supply to the actuator and cycle the actuator several times, in order to check if it works smoothly and if there are any leakages through the seals
- Check if the painted parts have been damaged during disassembly and/or reassembly. If necessary, repaint them in accordance with the applicable painting specifications



16. **Periodic Maintenance**

	PM-CQP-006	Page: 1/2
Component: Actuator (Type B)	Task: Cylinder seals replacement - piston seals	
Equipment, Tools, Materials: Lifting equipment Spare parts	Warnings:	

Preliminary Operations: Removal from Valve (section 11), PM-CQP-005

Description:



riangle Cut-off power supply and electric power supply (if present) before performing any operation.

- Remove actuator from valve (section 11)
- This maintenance task must be performed in a clean workshop, free from dust
- Position the actuator on a workbench

Actuator must be in its safety position, spring relaxed (in case of single effect). Before executing this procedure verify connecting screws (14) are correctly assembled and tightened on enclosure flange.

Disassembly of the stop bolt

Ensure that the turning flange is correctly assembled and tightened before proceeding.

The actuator must be in vertical position.

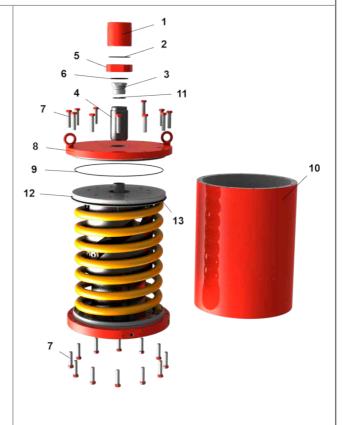
- Hold the stop nut with a wrench, then unscrew and remove cap nut (1)
- Remove O-ring (2)
- Measure the distance between the upper stop bolt and the end flange (2) surface. This measure will be useful during re-installation
- Hold upper stop bolt (4) with a wrench and unscrew locking nut (5)
- Remove O-ring (6)
- Unscrew and remove stopper plug (3)
- Remove O-ring (11)
- Remove upper stop bolt (4)

Disassembly of cylinder

- Gradually unscrew hex socket bolt (7) of end flange (8), following a cross-bolt unscrewing scheme
- Lift the end flange (8) by means of the lifting lugs
- Gradually unscrew hex socket bolt (7) of head flange (1), following a cross-bolt unscrewing scheme
- Carefully remove cylinder tube (10) by means of proper lifting tools
- Remove piston sliding ring (12) and O-ring (13)
- If O-ring (9) is damaged, replace it

Seals substitution

- Carefully clean the seals groove
- All the removed parts should be thoroughly cleaned, inspected and de-burred as necessary
- Replace all the mentioned seals and lubricate them with a grease film
- Lubricate all sliding parts with a recommended grease film

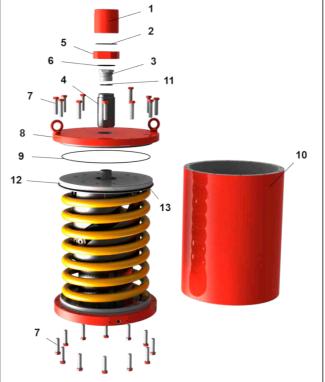


Periodic Maintenance 16.

	PM-CQP-006 Page: 2/2
Component: Actuator (Type B)	Task: Cylinder seals replacement - piston seals
Equipment, Tools, Materials: Lifting equipment Spare parts	Warnings:
Preliminary Operations: Removal from Valve (section 11), PM-CQP- Reassembly	005
 Replace sliding ring (12) and O-ring (13) Reinstall cylinder tube (10) Position end flange (8) with O-ring (9) Reinstall screws (7) and tighten according to the recommended torque, following a "cross bolt torque tightening" sequence Install upper stop bolt (4) according to the distance measured before Replace O-ring (11) and install stopper plug (3) Install lock nut (5) with O-ring (6) Screw end cap (1) with O-ring (2) 	1 2 6 3 11 7 8 9
Final testing	12
The actuator must be tested before it is assembled on the valve.	13
Place the actuator in a stable position, e.g. on a workbench	

- Connect the pneumatic supply to the actuator and cycle the actuator several times, in order to check if it works smoothly and if there are any leakages through the seals $% \left(x\right) =\left(x\right) +\left(x\right)$
- Check if the painted parts have been damaged during disassembly and/or reassembly. If necessary, repaint them in accordance with the applicable painting specifications

The actuator is now ready to be assembled on the valve



17. Part List

Pneumatic actuator single effect, single spring configuration, Type A

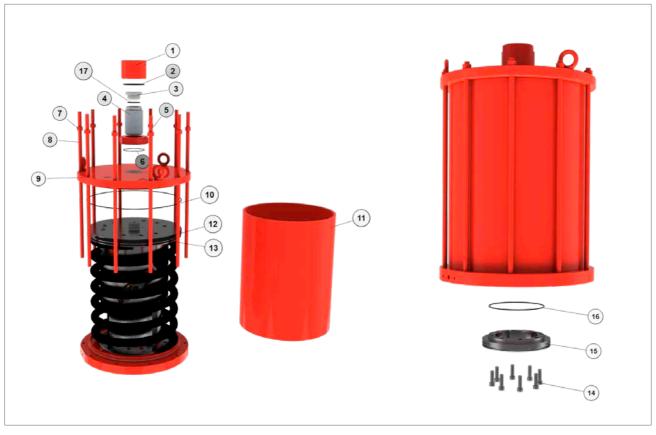


Fig 17.1 Pneumatic actuator single effect, single spring configuration, Type A

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	MATERIAL	QTY	
1	Cap nut	Alloy steel	1	
2	O-ring	Buna-N	1	•
3	Stopper plug	Carbon steel	1	
4	Upper stop bolt	Alloy steel	1	
5	Stop nut	Buna-N	1	•
6	O-ring	Carbon steel	1	
7	Hex bolt (*)	Carbon steel	10	
8	Tie rod (*)	Carbon steel	10	
9	End flange	Carbon steel	1	
10	O-ring	Buna-N	1	•
11	Pneumatic cylinder	Carbon steel (Nickel plated)	_	

12	Sliding ring	PTFE+ Buna-N
13	O-ring	Buna-N
14	Hex socket bolt	Stainless steel
15	Turning flange	Carbon steel
16	O-ring	Buna-N
17	O-ring	Buna-N

MATERIAL

QTY

1

1

•

DESCRIPTION

[•] Recommended spare

^(*) Number of tie rods and hex bolts could be different for each specific project, refer to project's documentation

17. Part List

Pneumatic actuator single effect, single spring configuration, Type A



Fig 17.2 Pneumatic actuator single effect, single spring configuration, Type A

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	MATERIAL	QTY	
1	Cap nut	Alloy steel	1	
2	O-ring	Buna-N	1	•
3	Stopper plug	Carbon steel	1	
4	Upper stop bolt	Alloy steel	1	
5	Stop nut	Buna-N	1	•
6	O-ring	Carbon steel	1	
7	Hex bolt (*)	Carbon steel	24	
8	End flange	Carbon steel		
9	O-ring	Buna-N	1	•
10	Pneumatic cylinder	Carbon steel (Nickel plated)	1	
11	O-ring	Buna-N	1	•

	Recommended	snare
•	Necommended	spare

^(*) Number of screws could be different for each specific project, refer to project's documentation

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	MATERIAL	QTY	
12	Sliding ring	PTFE+ Buna-N	1	•
13	O-ring	Buna-N	1	•
14	Hex socket bolt	Stainless steel	8	
15	Turning flange	Carbon steel	1	
16	O-ring	Buna-N	1	•
17	Pin	Carbon steel	1	

18. Grease Specification

In general, there is no need to lubricate the actuator because its mechanism is lubricated for life. The standard grease for Rotork CQP actuators is shown below. If an alternative was specified and/or supplied, please refer to the job specific documentation.

18.1 Grease

Lubricate seals, seal grooves and internal cylinder tube using the following grease or equivalent for temperature range $-30 \,^{\circ}\text{C} < T < +100 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \ (-22 \,^{\circ}\text{F} < T < +212 \,^{\circ}\text{F}).$

Manufacturer		LUBRITALIA
Trade Name		LUBRO GREASE L 00
Color	Visual	BROWN
Base Oil Type		MINERAL
Base Oil Viscosity at 40 °C (104 °F)	DIN 51 562	150 mm2/s
Soap Type		LITHIUM
Soap %	Calculated	4
Worked Penetration, 60 Double Strokes	ISO 2137	400-430 mm/10
Dropping Point	ISO 2176	170 °C (338 °F)
Copper Strip Corrosion, 24 hrs @ 100 °C (212 °F)	DIN51 811	1B

rotork®



Rotork plc Brassmill Lane, Bath, UK tel +44 (0)1225 733200 email mail@rotork.com